

Helping not-for-profits get it right What you need to know!

Student Experience Network Thursday 25 January 2024

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- ✓ National administrator for taxation and superannuation
- ✓ Assesses not-for-profits and charities seeking access to Commonwealth tax exemptions and concessions - such as DGR endorsement and income tax and GST concessions

NOT-FOR-PROFIT CENTRE AND GOVERNMENT

- We are a direct point of contact for government and not-for-profit clients and stakeholders.
- We work with clients, intermediaries, peak bodies, scrutineers, government, other agencies and all relevant ATO business areas.

OUR ROLE

To confirm the integrity of NFP and Government tax administration, by:

- Providing clients with timely and tailored advice that assists them to understand and meet all their tax and super obligations.
- Assuring clients are operating for purpose and accessing concessions appropriately, that justifies the trust placed in them by the Australian community.
- Supporting clients to deliver important services for the Australian community, especially in times of need during disaster periods or critical instances.
- Influencing the shape of the tax and superannuation system.

OVERVIEW NOT-FOR-PROFIT POPULATION



SOURCES

- 1. Productivity commission research report 2010
- 2. ATO data warehouse as at June 2023, figures are approx.
- 3. Taxation statistics 2020-21,
- 4. Australian charities report 8th edition 2019-20
- 5. ATO Digital Identity Services as at June 23

REGISTERED NOT-FOR-PROFITS²

Registered not-for-profits have an active ABN

9,000 (4%) TAXABLE NOT-FOR-PROFITS

hospitality for members, and political parties

57,800 (26%) ENDORSED TAX
CONCESSION CHARITIES
To access charity
concessions, charities must
be registered with the
Australian Charities and
Not-for-profit Commission
and endorsed by the ATO

Not-for-profits that lodge an income tax return include social clubs,

certain professional associations, clubs whose main purpose is providing

157,100(70%) SELF-ASSESSED INCOME TAX EXEMPT
Not-for-profits can self-assess exemption from income tax if they are not a charity and they meet the requirements

of one of eight categories

28,300 DEDUCTIBLE GIFT RECIPIENTS

Not-for-profits and government organisations endorsed as entitled to receive tax deductible donations. Includes 2,200 government entities.

66,400 **GST REGISTERED**

Not-for-profits with \$150,000 turnover must register for GST.

40.900 PAYGW REGISTERED

Not-for-profits register and report PAYGW where they make payments subject to withholding.



About **46,900** entities generated an estimated **\$224.5** billion in sales in 2020-21 ²



\$4.4 billion donations from 4.2 million Australian taxpayers ³



In 2020-21 approximately: **1.9 million** employees²

- \$21.4 billion PAYGW reported ²
- **34,500** registered for Single Touch Payroll ²



7,100 of all employers are registered for FBT **12,800** have an FBT exemption **31,500** have an FBT Rebate²



•\$900 million in franking credits refunded in 2021-22



- \$88.8 billion in revenue received by charities from the Government (including grants)⁴
- \$12.7 billion in donations and bequests 4



■48,900 NFP and GOV entities registered with myGovID to use online services (as at June 2023) 5

NOT-FOR-PROFITS TAX AND SUPER OBLIGATIONS

ATO registrations, lodgments and payments not-for-profits may have



GST obligations

- NFPs are required to register for GST if their turnover is \$150,000 or more. NFPs under the \$150,000 threshold can choose to register.
- NFPs registered for GST must lodge Business Activity
 Statements (BAS), usually on a quarterly basis.
- This can be done using Online Services for Business or through a tax or BAS agent.

Employer obligations

PAYG Withholding (PAYGW)

- NFPs with employees have the same PAYGW obligations as forprofit businesses.
- NFPs must register when they are required to withhold tax from payments to others - including employees, directors and office holders.

Single Touch Payroll (STP)

- All NFPs should now be using STP to report salaries and wages, PAYGW and superannuation.
- The end-of-year finalisation process using STP has replaced lodging a payment summary annual report.

Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT)

- NFPs liable for FBT on benefits provided to employees are required to:
 - register for FBT
 - lodge an annual FBT return
 - pay the resulting FBT liability.
- Examples of benefits provided may include:
 - use of a car
 - meal allowance
 - direct payments of employees' personal expenses (rent, mortgage, utility bills).
- NFPs may need to pay FBT instalments each quarter.



Superannuation

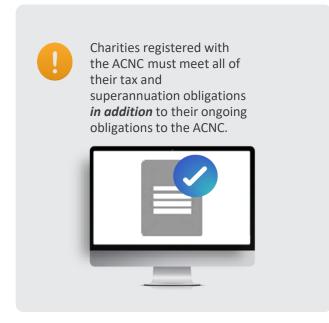
- NFPs must provide eligible employees with super contributions of at least the super guarantee rate by the quarterly cut-off date.
- Most employees are covered by the super guarantee legislation.
 It covers those who are full time, part-time or casual. It also covers certain independent contractors.
- The super guarantee rate is 10.5% for the 2022-23 financial year and is currently increasing by 0.5% each financial year.



Payday Super measure

- On 9 May 2023, as part of Budget 2023-24, the government announced the 'Securing Australians' Superannuation Package' – increasing the payment frequency of the super guarantee.
- The measure will require super to be paid at the same time as salary and wages from 1 July 2026.
- Treasury will lead the policy consultation period. A consultation paper in relation to the policy is expected to issue in August.
- The ATO will consult and codesign with all stakeholder groups in relation to its administration, impacts on stakeholders and any changes that need to be made.

CHARITIES COMPLETE YOUR ANNUAL SELF-REVIEWS



Tax concessions

Charities should review their entitlement to charity tax concession endorsement on an annual basis and when there is a major change in the charity's structure, purpose or operations

DGR endorsement

Charities should review their entitlement to DGR endorsement on an annual basis and when there is a major change in the charity's structure, purpose or operations

Governance

Charities should review how well they understand and manage their tax and super obligations on an annual basis and when there is a major change in the charity's structure, purpose or operations

For more information

✓ The worksheet and checklists available at *ato.gov.au/nfpselfreview*

KEY FOCUS AREAS WHAT ATTRACTS OUR ATTENTION

1. OPERATING FOR PURPOSE

- Are entities applying income and assets solely for purpose?
- Are entities operating in accordance with their governing documents?



2. SELF-ASSESSING INCOME TAX EXEMPTION



3. PRIVATE AND PUBLIC ANCILLARY FUNDS



DGR ENTITLEMENT

- Are deductible gift recipients (DGR) meeting their purpose and activity requirements?
- In entity groups with a mix of DGR and non-DGRs, do donation reach the correct entity?

MEETING TAX AND SUPER OBLIGATIONS

- Are FBT concessions and calculations correct?
- Are NFP entities meeting requirements to be registered for GST, and correctly classifying and reporting GST supplies?

MUTUALITY

- Is the principle of mutuality being applied correctly and are members correctly classified?
- Are tax returns being lodged as required?

REFUND OF FRANKING CREDITS

- Are charities entitled and claiming the correct amounts?
- The refund application form is now available to download from ato.gov.au

WIND-UP

Are surplus funds and assets distributed according to the NFPs governing rules, upon wind-up?

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS

- Are funds being sent overseas for noncharitable purposes?
- Are there indicators of Terrorism financing or money laundering in NFP sector?

Not-for-profits correctly access and use the significant concessions available to the sector.

Key aspects

- Are self-assessing entities regularly reviewing their entitlement to self-assess as income tax exempt (e.g. purpose must align to 1 of 8 categories)?
- Are self-assessing entities meeting their other taxation obligations, such as:
 - GST registration, lodgment and payment
 - Super and PAYGW payments

- Are ancillary funds established to facilitate philanthropic giving or for other purposes?
- Are ancillary funds meeting the requirements of the guidelines?

Key aspects

- Minimum annual distributions of 5% (Private funds) and 4% (Public funds)?
- Maintaining a diverse investment strategy to support regular giving?
- Loans/valuations are accurately recorded and in line with guidelines?

4. EMERGING RISKS

COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES BY NFP & CHARITY ENTITIES

- Are they for purpose?
- Are assets and income being applied solely for the purpose for which the NFP was established?
- At wind-up, are assets being distributed in accordance with the entity's governing documents?
- Are commercial activities being treated correctly in terms of GST?

RISING DEBT LEVELS

Are NFP entities with significant debt viable?

STRUCTURING AND A LACK OF TRANSPARENCY

- Are structures appropriate to meet the entity's purpose?
- Are structures overly complex for the operating purpose?
- Are structures that contain 'for-profit' entities operating at arms-length and for the ultimate benefit of the NFP?
- Are structures being put in place to impede transparency?

USE OF PUBLIC BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (PBI) STRUCTURE TO ACCESS FBT CONCESSIONS

 Are employees of PBIs used to undertake non-PBI activities? Eg: through labour-hire arrangements

PRIVATE NFP FOUNDATIONS

- Taxpayer Alert TA 2016/5
- Streaming of untaxed employment, contractor or business income through an unincorporated 'foundation' that is treated as not being subject to income tax.

NFP STRUCTURES USED TO FRAUDULENTLY OBTAIN TAX BENEFITS

- Are GST credits claimed only for eligible purchases?
- Are claims for REFCs eligible?
- Are assets and income being applied to provide private benefits to individuals?

IMPROVING ASSURANCE

What not-for-profits can do to achieve higher assurance



Keeping good records

- Evidence how and why the entity treated tax and superannuation matters in a certain manner
- Document how the entity self-assessed as eligible for income tax exemption
- Setup an annual review process to evidence ongoing eligibility to income tax exemption
- Notate details of activities that encourage sport as the main purpose (i.e. for a sporting club)
- Monitor continued eligibility and record the factors for determining entitlement to concessions (e.g. for claiming franking credit refunds)
- Show workings of calculations. For example, how current and projected turnover is calculated in order to determine the requirement to register for GST



Risks communicated to market

- Self-review DGR entitlement by checking that the entity continues to operate for purpose and meets the principal activity test
- Review ancillary fund guidelines to ensure all requirements are met
- Record how the taxable value of fringe benefits to employees was calculated and applies to the appropriate concessions claimed



Significant transactions with a tax or superannuation impact

- Payments between related entities are applied for purpose and do not result in private benefit
- Ensure government grants are applied for purpose
- Prevent errors that will have a large consequential impact on tax and super outcomes by adhering to governance standards (i.e. for FBT and GST transactions)
- Setup arrangements to protect the entity from terrorism finance and money laundering



Accounting and tax results

- The distribution of funds by an entity meets the special conditions for income tax exemption (i.e. assets and income are applied solely for purpose)
- Surplus funds and assets, at time of wind-up, are distributed according to governing rules and charitable assets remain within the charitable domain
- Apply the principle of mutuality and ensure members are classified correctly
- Record the determining factors for decisions (i.e. how uncertain tax positions are accounted for)

NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENT

Non-charitable not-for-profits self-assessing as income tax exempt

NEW ANNUAL SELF-REVIEW RETURN

- Division 50 of ITAA 1997 sets-out specific criteria for eight types of income tax exempt entities eligible to self-assess.
- From 1 July 2023, **non-charitable** not-for-profits with active ABN will be required to lodge an annual self-review return to access an income tax exemption.
- The requirement to lodge will be established by an update to the 2023-24 *Notice of Requirement to Lodge a Return (Legislative Instrument)*.
- If a return is not lodged, not-for-profits may become ineligible for an income tax exemption. Penalties may also apply under the ATO's penalty framework.

How it will work

- Questions guide not-for-profits to consider purpose and activities against specific eligibility requirements of an income tax exempt entity.
- This will assist NFPs to determine the basis for which to self-assess as income tax exempt, and report this to the ATO.
- A self-review return guide will be available on ato.gov.au



More information on ato.gov.au

- ato.gov.au/NFPtaxexempt
- ato.gov.au/NFPselfreviewguide new page from end Nov 2023
- Search for **QC 65630**

• NFPs with only charitable purposes

- May be eligible for income tax exemption only if they are registered as a charity with the ACNC.
- NFPs should self-check if they have charitable purposes by downloading the application checklist at acnc.gov.au/selfassessing

COMPLETING THE RETURN

Focus is on making it *simple*, *quick* and *automated* using the existing online and secure platform - *Online Services*



Sections to complete



Organisation details

- Authorised contact and address details
- Estimated annual gross revenue range:
 Small \$0 \$150K
 Medium \$150K \$3m
 Large >\$3m



Income tax exemption self-assessment

- Around five questions testing eligibility
- Primarily yes/no style questions
- Links to guidance to assist completion



3 Summary and declaration

Save and print

Due date



The first 2023-24 return will be open for lodgment between *July and October 2024*

NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENT POPULATION OVERVIEW

AROUND 225,300 **NOT-FOR-PROFITS ABN REGISTERED** as at Jun-23' **AROUND** 57,800 **ENDORSED TAX CONCESSION CHARITIES** AROUND 9,000 **TAXABLE** NOT-FOR-**PROFITS**

AROUND 157,100 **SELF-ASSESSING NFPs WITH** AN ABN

EIGHT TYPES OF INCOME TAX EXEMPT ENTITIES THAT CAN SELF-ASSESS EXEMPTION



Community Service





Cultural



Educational



Health



Employment



Scientific



Resource development

SELF-ASSESSED INCOME TAX NOT-**FOR-PROFITS WITH REPORTING OBLIGATIONS** *As at June 2023*



Around **24,700 (16%) GST** registered



Around 13,200 (8%) PAYGW registered with over 225,000 workers



Around **16,500 (10%)** hold a linked myGovID



Around 10,800 (7%) have used online services since January 2021



Around 13,000 (8%) engage a tax agent Around **33,000 (21%)** engage a BAS agent

CONNECTING WITH SELF-ASSESSING INCOME TAX **EXEMPT NOT-FOR-PROFITS**



NSW 28% SA 9% TAS 3% QLD 20% VIC 25% NT 1% ACT 2% WA 11%

We are developing a targeted engagement and multi-channel out-reach program, with a focus on connecting with remote and regional not-for-profits

NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENT SUPPORTING TRANSITION





Update primary contacts and ABN registration details with the ATO

- It's an ABN registration requirement to keep your contact details up-to-date.
- You will receive important information about your tax and super obligations.

9 Get digital ready

Set-up your myGovID and Online Services for Business

3 Review eligibility

- Review eligibility using newly published questions as a guide at ato.gov.au/NFPselfreviewguide new page from end Nov 2023
- Make any necessary changes to governing documents
- Meet with your NFP board
- Find out about income tax exemption and taxable not-for profitsvisit ato.gov and search for QC 33591

4 Keep informed

Subscribe to monthly newsletter at ato.gov.au/nfpnews

Complete return

- ✓ Practical tips to support first lodgment
- ✓ Targeted help to guide higher impacted NFPs
- ✓ Must be eligible for income tax exemption

WHY IS THE NEW RETURN IMPORTANT?

Entities inaccurately self-assess income tax exemption for a range of reasons, which can be due to common misunderstanding or assumptions such as:

- Exemption is automatic for entities operating on a not-for-profit basis.
- Not aware of the existing need to self-assess income tax exemption, or that their purposes and activities must align to the requirements.
- Never formally self-reviewing eligibility to income tax exemption, or not regularly reviewing this status.

ESTABLISHES VISIBILITY ACROSS THE SECTOR

- Only eligible not-for-profits access income tax exemption.
- Enables delineation of clients eligible to self-asses, and those who are not.

MAINTAINS SYSTEM INTEGRITY

- Reliable data, acquired through regular reporting enables assurance.
- The community expects the ATO to assure that not-for-profits correctly access income tax concessions.

SUPPORT A LEVEL PLAYING FIELD

 Clients are supported to meet their annual reporting requirements under the correct framework, as set out in law.

DEDUCTIBLE GIFT RECIPIENT REFORMS

2017 DGR ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Government announced four DGR reform measures, three of which were designed to strengthen governance arrangements and reduce administrative complexity

- All non-government DGRs must register as charities to strengthen transparency and standardise regulatory and reporting arrangements.
- 2. To reduce complexity and streamline application processes, the administration of four DGR registers to be transferred to the ATO.
- 3. Contemporise and remove specific requirements for a DGR public funds, now covered by charity governance standards.
- 4. Extend the cultural organisation DGR category to include organisations that promote indigenous languages (implemented)

DGRs required to be a registered charity

From 14 December 2021, charity registration is required for all non-government DGRs except ancillary funds or organisations specifically listed in the tax law.

We reviewed non-government DGRs against the requirements to be a registered charity or operated by one.

- We are revoking the DGR endorsement of those that are no longer entitled.
- These DGRs will receive a notice with the date, reason for revocation and their right to a review the decision.
- A DGR that has their status revoked, will be able to re-apply for endorsement if they later satisfy DGR requirements.

Transfer of four DGR registers

On 28 June 2023, the *Treasury Laws* Amendment (Refining and Improving our Tax System) Act 2023 became law.

The amendments transfer administrative responsibility of four unique deductible gift recipient (DGR) categories from other government departments to the ATO.

From 1 January 2024, the ATO will assess eligibility for:

- Environmental organisations
- Harm prevention charities
- Cultural organisations
- Overseas aid organisations

These changes mean the ATO will administer all DGR categories enabling consistency of administration, reduced red tape, and a simplified application process for organisations seeking DGR status.

DGR STATUS FOR COMMUNITY FOUNDATIONS

It is proposed that the tax law be amended to establish a new class of deductible gift recipients for community foundations.

The proposed amendments establish:

- a new general DGR category in the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 for community charity funds
- a compliance regime in the *Taxation* Administration Act 1953 accompanied with new ministerial guidelines.

Treasury closed public consultation on the exposure legislation on 16 July 2023.

Enabling legislation was introduced to Parliament on 13-Sep-2023, but is not yet law. It requires successful passage through both houses of parliament and Royal Assent *before* it can become law.



For more information

Go to ato.gov.au/non-profit and search for QC 54421

PUBLIC ADVICE AND GUIDANCE REFRESH

Working together with internal and external stakeholders, we continue to refresh guidance products by reviewing language making sure that examples are contemporary and easy to understand.

Website

Continuous improvement of dedicated NFP content on ato.gov.au, including:

- Incorporating important information for new measures
- Keeping content current
- Improving navigation



Recently published

- Decision Impact Statement (DIS) The Buddhist Society of Western Australia Inc v Federal Commissioner of Taxation (No 2). The DIS informs the community of the ATO view of the implications of the court decision.
- Practical Compliance Guideline PCG 2022/3 GST and residential colleges ATO compliance approach has been finalised and will apply to tax periods starting from 1 January 2023.
- Additional examples in our web content to help NFPs understand their GST obligations when they receive a grant of financial assistance.
- Taxation Ruling *TR 2022/2 Income tax the games and sports exemption* was published on 14 September and replaces TR 97/22. The new Ruling does not change the Commissioner's view and reflects case law that has occurred since that Ruling was published.

In progress

- Tailored advice and guidance for self-assessing income tax exempt NFPs
- TR 2013/2 School Building funds review to consider impact of recent court decision

For consideration in 2023-24

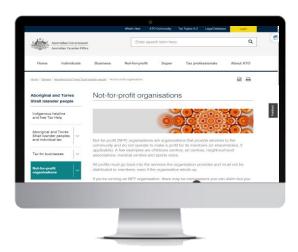
- Review of ATO Mutuality Guide
- Review of TD 93/190 provides the ATO view on income tax exemption for community service purposes
- Advice and Guidance for the DGR registers expected to transition to the ATO if legislation is passed
- TR 95/27 Public Funds upcoming DGR reform removing public fund requirements will make review of this ruling a priority
- TR 2000/10 Public Libraries, Museums and Art Galleries – Ruling does not reflect contemporary structures and operations of modern institutions

SUPPORT FOR INDIGENOUS NOT-FOR-PROFITS



KEY MESSAGES

- ATO provides a dedicated team to support all NFP organisations contact 1300 130 248
- NFPs eligible for Deductible Gift Recipient (DGR) endorsement from the ATO can receive tax deductible gifts – our experienced NFP staff can assist Indigenous organisations to determine eligibility
- NFPs registered as a charity with the ACNC are eligible for tax charity concession endorsement by the ATO – this includes income tax exemptions and GST concessions
- Organisations with employees must meet their pay as you go withholding and superannuation obligations
- NFPs that provide non-cash benefits to employees may need to register for fringe benefits tax (FBT) if they have to lodge a return and pay FBT
- NFPs experiencing financial difficulties can contact us to talk about support options to meet tax and super obligations.



For more information

 Visit ato.gov.au/General/Aboriginal-and-Torres-Strait-Islander-people/Not-for-profitorganisations/

ato.gov.au platform update

Why it is changing

- The existing website platform has been in place for nearly a decade and is coming to the end of its service life.
- There is an opportunity to deliver an improved website making it easier for our clients to self-serve and access information.
- We engaged over 6,000 clients for feedback on the current website. Their input, research, user consultation and concept testing informed the development of the updated ato.gov.au

What to expect

The updated **ato.gov.au** has been built around our clients' needs. Key enhancements include:

- Modern and personalised design we have simplified the ato.gov.au home page making it easier for users to navigate to the most relevant content.
- Streamlined navigation clear, intuitive navigation makes it easy for users to find what they need. Menu structures have been updated to present information in a clear and logical way.
- Smarter search the search functionality on ato.gov.au has been enhanced, allowing users to find information efficiently.

What do you need to know?

- Links to ato.gov.au content on your website will not break and will be redirected.
- Redirects to content will be in place for the Public Beta and post release.
- Organisations may wish to review their own links to ato.gov.au
- You can still access and view same:
 - Website address www.ato.gov.au
 - Quick Codes (QC)
 - Trusted tax and super content
 - Suite of tools and calculators.



Public Beta and release

6 November

 Users can access the updated website by clicking a link via the banner on the top of the existing website.

Mid November

- The updated ato.gov.au (i.e. Public Beta) becomes the default website when a user navigates to ato.gov.au
- Users can access the existing website by clicking a link via the banner on the top of the page.

4 December

The updated website replaces the existing website.

Avoid scam websites

- It is important to be aware of fraudulent websites and phishing scams.
- Always access the website directly from the ato.gov.au website address and avoid clicking on suspicious links or emails.

Further information

Visit ato.gov.au/General/Gen/An-updatedato-gov-au-experience/

KEY TAKE-AWAYS HOT TOPICS

ATO OVERSIGHT TAX CONCESSIONS AND ENDORSEMENTS

- Organisations with a charitable purpose must be registered with the ACNC and endorsed by the ATO in order to access Commonwealth tax concessions.
- Donations made to a religious organisation will only be tax deductible if the religious organisation is a Deductible Gift Recipient (DGR).
- There is no general DGR category for the advancement of religion in the tax law.
- DGR funds can only be used for the specific purpose for which they are endorsed, not the broader religious purposes of the organisation.
- There are 52 general categories of DGR set out in the tax law each with specific criteria.
- The ATO will revoke entitlement to tax concessions including DGR endorsement when we come to the view that an organisation does not meet the eligibility requirements set out in the tax law.



You can help by notifying us of anyone you believe is using not-for-profits to access concession incorrectly at ato.gov.au/tipoffform

NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENT FOR NON-CHARITABLE NOT-FOR-PROFITS

- Non-charitable not-for-profits with an active ABN are required to lodge an annual NFP self-review return to access an income tax exemption. The first lodgment is required to be made from the 2023–24 income year.
- Government entities are not required to lodge a NFP self-review return.
- Registered charities do not self-assess income tax exemption, as they are endorsed by the ATO. They are not required to lodge a NFP self-review return and will continue to report annually to the ACNC, via the Annual Information Statement. A charity's income tax exempt status can be checked on the ABNLookUp
- Taxable NFPs are not required to lodge a NFP self-review return. They are required to lodge an income tax return or notify us of a return not necessary each year.

REPORT BETWEEN

1 JULY 2024 TO
31 OCTOBER 2024

The first 2023-24 return will be open for lodgment between July and October 2024

How to get ready for annual reporting

- Check the NFP's contact details and ABN registration details are up to date
- Review the NFP's main purpose and its governing documents
- Set up a myGovID with either a Standard or Strong identity strength
- Do an early review using newly published questions as a guide at ato.gov.au/NFPselfreviewguide



ATO OVERSIGHT REVIEW OF DGR STATUS

- DGR endorsed organisations are required to:
 - apply income and assets solely for the purpose for which they're endorsed, and
 - operate in accordance with their governing documents.
- DGR endorsed organisations are reviewed as part of our broader compliance program.
- From Dec-2023, reviews of DGR status will commence for 234 organisations listed in the tax law. Regulatory powers provided under s353-20 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 will be used to review the DGR status of these organisations.
- The reviews focus on:
 - proof of activity
 - purpose and use of donations
- Reviews will initially prioritise listed DGR organisations that aren't registered with the ACNC, and ACNC registered charities that have not reported donations. This will be followed by the remainder of the population.
- Review of listed DGR organisations reflects the importance placed on NFPs operating in a manner which maintains the integrity of the tax system.

SEEK SUPPORT AND STAY INFORMED

Visit the ATO website



Go to:

ato.gov.au/NFPtaxexempt

NFP self-review return guide



Complete an early self-review using the new return guide at ato.gov.au/NFPselfreviewguide

A new page from end Nov 2023

Visit the ACNC website



Go to:

acnc.gov.au/forcharities/start-charity

NFP advice service

Our dedicated advice service for not-for-profits operates from 8.00am to 6.00pm, Monday to Friday

Phone 1300 130 248

Email atoendorsements@ato.gov.au

Government

Government

Phone **13 28 66** from 8.00am to 6.00pm, Monday to Friday

Email PWGovernment@ato.gov.au

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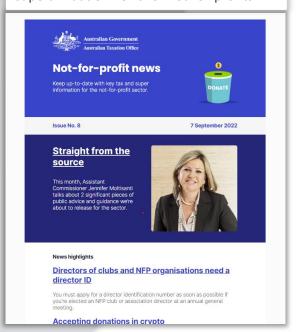
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Thank you

